

1 . IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use:
Angle filler, fastener heads filler, joint filler and jointing compound

Details of Manufacturer or Importer:
USG Boral Building Products Pty Limited (ACN 004 231 976)
251 Salmon Street
Port Melbourne VIC 3207

Phone Number: 03 9214 2138

Emergency telephone number: National Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26

2 . HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature:

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

The product is not classified according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

Signal Word Void

Hazard Statements Void

3 . COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization: Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:

12001-26-2	Mica		5 - 10%
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)		<5%
8031-18-3	Fuller's earth	⚠ Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	<1%
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)		<1%

Additional information:

Additional ingredients - CAS number not supplied:

Cellulosic thickeners: <1%

4 . FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

Skin Contact:

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye Contact:

In case of eye contact, rinse cautiously with running water for at least 15 minutes, or until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. Seek medical attention.

(Contd. on page 2)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 30.06.2016

Revision: 30.06.2016

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

(Contd. of page 1)

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

Symptoms Caused by Exposure:

Inhalation: May cause mechanical irritation to the respiratory system and mucous membranes.

Skin Contact: May cause mechanical skin irritation, redness, pain and rash.

Eye Contact: May cause mechanical eye irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Ingestion: May cause mechanical irritation to the gastrointestinal system, nausea and vomiting.

5 . FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

6 . ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear Safe Work Australia approved dust/particulate filter respirator and full protective clothing. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid generating dust.

Environmental Precautions:

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Clean the area using an industrial vacuum cleaner. Wet mopping and wiping is acceptable if vacuuming is not workable. Avoid generating dust.

Remove promptly all visible waste materials to avoid being trampled and spread about, place in plastic bags or other containers which prevent fibre and/or dust emission, and dispose of in accordance with local waste disposal authority requirements.

7 . HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of dust.

Care should be taken to minimise dust release when opening boxes or bags. Where possible, material should be ordered in a form and shape which requires a minimum of cutting and handling on site. Hand tools should always be used in preference to power tools in any site processing. If power tools are used, these should be fitted with exhaust extraction at the point of dust generation, or other effective local extraction.

Materials should be used and handled in a wet, rather than dry form where workable. Work areas should be cleaned regularly to remove any build up of fibres and/or dust.

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment regularly, separate from other laundry to avoid cross-contamination and subsequent skin irritation of non-workers. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area. Ensure containers are tightly sealed and adequately labelled. Protect from physical damage, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Keep away from flourine, acids, aluminium and ammonium salts.

(Contd. on page 3)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 30.06.2016

Revision: 30.06.2016

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

(Contd. of page 2)

8 . EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards:**14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO₂)**

NES	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ respirable dust
-----	---

12001-26-2 Mica

NES	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³
-----	----------------------------

14807-96-6 Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄)

NES	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³
-----	----------------------------

Engineering Controls:

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below the limits.

Respiratory Protection:

Class L for protection against mechanically generated particulates (dusts and mists). That is, particles generated from operations such as grinding, blasting, spraying and powder mixing, for example, SMF, asbestos, silica, caustic mist and lead.

Class M for protection against thermally generated particulates (fumes). That is, particles generated by high temperature operations such as welding, soldering, brazing and smelting, for example, metal fumes.

Airline respirators and powered air-purifying respirators can offer a very high level of respiratory protection. When operated in the positive pressure demand mode these respirators generally reduce problems of poor facial seal. These respirators are usually only required for the most dusty operations or where there are high concentrations of other toxic materials such as crystalline silica or asbestos.

Skin Protection:

Leather/pigskin, PVC or rubber gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information. When selecting hand protection, the product should comply with relevant performance criteria. For example, gloves should meet a suitable level of abrasion resistance to provide protection against hazards of a workplace.

Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

Eye and Face Protection:

Eye and face protectors for protection against dust. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

9 . PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Form:	Powder
Colour:	Off-white
Odour:	Slight odour
Odour Threshold:	No information available
pH-Value:	7.0 - 8.0
Melting point/Melting range:	No information available
Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	No information available
Flash Point:	Not applicable
Flammability:	Product is not flammable.
Auto-ignition Temperature:	No information available
Decomposition Temperature:	No information available

(Contd. on page 4)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 30.06.2016

Revision: 30.06.2016

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

(Contd. of page 3)

Explosion Limits:	
Lower:	Not applicable
Upper:	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure:	No information available
Relative Density:	2.5 - 2.6
Vapour Density:	No information available
Evaporation Rate:	No information available
Solubility in Water:	0.2 %

10 . STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Acids (eg. nitric acid), fluorine, aluminium (hot) and ammonium salts.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11 . TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

LD₅₀/LC₅₀ Values Relevant for Classification:		
14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO₂)		
Inhalation	LCLo	300 µg/m ³ /10 years (human)
	TCLo	16 000 000 particles/ft ³ /8 hours (human) (17.9 years - human fibrosis)
14807-96-6 Talc (Mg₃H₂(SiO₃)₄)		
Inhalation	TCLo	18 mg/m ³ /6hour/2years (rat) (intermittent)
9002-89-5 Ethenol, homopolymer		
Oral	LD ₅₀	14700 mg/kg (mouse)
1317-65-3 Limestone		
Oral	LD ₅₀	6450 mg/kg (rat)

Acute Health Effects

Inhalation: May cause mechanical irritation to the respiratory system and mucous membranes.

Skin: May cause mechanical skin irritation, redness, pain and rash.

Eye: May cause mechanical eye irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Ingestion: May cause mechanical irritation to the gastrointestinal system, nausea and vomiting.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity:

Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite is classified by IARC as Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans.

Talc not containing asbestos or asbestiform fibres and polyvinyl alcohol are classified by IARC as Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

(Contd. on page 5)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 30.06.2016

Revision: 30.06.2016

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

(Contd. of page 4)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.**Chronic Health Effects:**

The prolonged and repeated exposure (by inhalation) to respirable (crystalline) silica cause silicosis, a debilitating lung disease. The crystalline silica dust is practically insoluble in body fluids and can be deposited in lungs. Cigarette smoking can reduce the clearance of crystalline silica. The data indicate that the relative lung cancer risk is increased for people with silicosis.

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

12 . ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects.

Aquatic toxicity: No information available**Persistence and Degradability:** No information available**Bioaccumulative Potential:** No information available**Mobility in Soil:** No information available

13 . DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods and Containers: Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.**Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:**

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

14 . TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number Not regulated**Proper Shipping Name** Not regulated**Dangerous Goods Class** Not regulated**Packing Group:** Not regulated

15 . REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:

10034-76-1	Calcium sulfate hemihydrate
1317-65-3	Limestone
12001-26-2	Mica
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)
9002-89-5	Ethenol, homopolymer
8031-18-3	Fuller's earth
10101-41-4	Calcium sulfate, dihydrate
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)

(Contd. on page 6)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 30.06.2016

Revision: 30.06.2016

Product Name: BASECOTE 45, 60 & 90

(Contd. of page 5)

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:
Not a scheduled poison.

16 . OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 30.06.2016**Prepared by:** MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltdwww.msds.com.au**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC₅₀: Lethal concentration, 50 percentLD₅₀: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2A

Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - December 2011"

The information contained in this material safety data sheet is provided in good faith and is believed to be accurate at the date of issuance. USG Boral Building Products Pty Limited makes no representation of the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the information and to the full extent allowed by law excludes all liability for any loss or damage related to the supply or use of the information in this material safety data sheet. MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd is not in a position to warrant the accuracy of the data herein. The user is cautioned to make their own determinations as to the suitability of the information provided to the particular circumstances in which the product is used.